#### Europay, Client and Partner

Presented to BT International Account Management

Day Two June 4th 1998





## Evolution of the Global Village

- Telephony
- Computing
- Mail
- Information
- Logistics

- Entertainment
- Transportation
- Retailing
- Payments
- Identification

## Technology is driving the convergence of



## Consumers Are Driving Towards<sup>2006</sup> Device Independent Environment



- Home, office, car, plane, hotel and airports are all places business travelers access Internet or Intranet
- The need is no longer simply to talk. It is also to access e-mail, shopping malls, information warehouses and corporate resources
- Reachability is essential as the balance between work and leisure time becomes a life style issue



## Evolution of the Global Village





## In the 60's the Internet Was Born<sup>® 2006</sup> in '95 the Internet Was Found



- The opportunities to create a new form of mail order is now
- Micro-payments and the concept of pay per view is reality
- Today We Are Here to Assure Our Clients That Electronic Commerce Is Enabled in The Global Village



### Electronic Commerce Set to Grow





- Without an effective means of payments for the Internet electronic commerce cannot thrive
- Some argue that we should re-invent the payment systems because the Internet is new and different
- Some claim that the Internet makes bankers redundant and that virtual money is the future

All See Opportunities For Exploitation and Profit



## A Mystical Battle Is Underway

# YET

- Telecommunications
  - Wants to create minutes on their networks
  - Demands security
  - Seeks loyalty
  - Pursues quality

- Banking
  - Plans to enhance and manage payments
  - Demands security
  - Seeks loyalty
  - Pursues quality

#### **Competition Over What? Is the Question the Consumer Is Asking**



## Telecom Provider Face a Dilemma

#### **Smart Networks Versus Smart Cards**

- Network paradox
  - Central resources simply require account numbers and passwords
  - Capacity and capabilities are limitless
  - Distance is cost insensitive

- •Device independence
  - Consumers demand ease of use
  - Single source supply is not acceptable

© 2006

Location cannot be a determinant



#### CountryNet, WorldNet & Internet





## Market Dynamics Is the Internet Different?

– Do the roles in the new world change or is it only a new channel used to match a buyer to a seller ?

© 2006

- Does the consumer want another means of payment or are the consumers comfortable with the ones they now use?
  - Cash
  - Cheque
  - Debit Card
  - Credit Card
    - Business Card
    - Personal Card



## Market Dynamics Virtual (Consumer to Business)

- Existing merchants view the Internet as a means of
  - Expanding their customer base
  - Reducing their store-front overhead
  - Adding a new global sales channel (like mail order)
- Wholesalers view the Internet as a means of establishing a direct consumer distribution channel



## Market Dynamics Virtual (Consumer to Business)

- Is a unique mechanism required to secure the means of payment details?
  - Is it an issue of perception or incremental criminal risk?
  - Do we need weak or strong encryption?
- Who should assure the consumer that the merchant and the goods sold are authentic?
- Who should assure the merchant that the consumer is authentic and his means of payment is guarantied?



## Market Dynamics Virtual (Consumer to Business)

- A new definition of soft goods downloaded over the Internet is envisioned
- Some see a world where every consumer offers goods for sale the consumer producer could emerge
- Consumer advocates talk about anonymity
- The moral right and the religious left worry about what we can see and purchase



#### <sup>© 2006</sup> Market Dynamics Paper Does Not Work in the Virtual World

- Today's credit and debit card products are not economically under \$ 5-10
- Replacing checks with an electronic form can be achieved in many ways
- Employing a cleared payment system requires a means of consolidating many small value transactions
- Creating a cash substitute means making sure it cannot be counterfeited and that it is socially acceptable



#### Yet There Are Differences Between the Virtual and the Real World

- Where does the merchant reside?
- Under who's tax regime is business on the Internet conducted?
- How is the delivery of goods assured?
- Will truly global merchants emerge?
- How will existing distributors who are being dis-intermediate fight back?
- Who are the winners and who are the losers?



One View of the Requirements For Payments on the Internet

- Retain the current consumer, merchant & bank relationships
- Use the same payment instruments in all marketplaces
- Support existing and emerging merchants needs and requirements
- Support a wide range of values including micro-payments
- Provide an affordable solution



## Electronic Payment Types Now in Existence

Credit	<b>Debit Cards</b>	Cash	E-Cash	<b>E-Purse</b>
Cards				
• Guarantied	• Current	• Monetary	• Soft	• Smartcard
Payment	Account	Value	Solutions	Solution
• Pay Later	• Pay Now	• Pay Now	• Pay Before	• Pay Before
• Well	• Just Gone	• Notes and	• Requires	• Requires
Accepted	Intr'l	Coins	Digital	Digital
• Visa	• Domestic	• Gov't or	Signature	Signature
• MasterCard	• Maestro	Bank	• New	• New
• AMEX	• Electron	Issued	• DigiCash	• Domestic x
• Diners		• Mondex	• Cybercash	• Clip
• JCB			•	• VisaCash



## Cryptography a Solution in a Digital Age

- Symmetric
  - Typically based on DES
  - Requires two parties to share a secret
  - Requires trusted hardware for the secret
  - Used For PIN
    block today

- Asymmetric
  - Current favorite RSA
  - Any party can encipher or authenticate another
  - Hardware only required by one
  - Base for both
    EMV and SET



## Market Dynamics Security and Cryptography

 Public key asymmetric cryptography can provide a means to authenticate the parties and secure the details of the means of payment

- Electronic purse and e-cash products exist because of cryptography
- Some argue that personal computers can not secure secret keys
- Some advocate the use of a smart card as the consumer's access key



#### The Key is the Certificate Authority

- What responsibilities are embedded within the certificate authority?
- Will we need one for each application, means of payment or issuing organization?
- Which are the organizations that are or can be trusted by consumers, merchants and governments?
- Is it efficient to have global and national certificate authorities?



## <sup>© 2006</sup> The Means of Payment of Tomorrow

- Which model does BT wish to support as the most appropriate electronic purse of tomorrow?
- Is a true cash substitute required?
- Should monetary systems remain regulated?
- Does the advent of the Internet offer entrepreneurs and philosophers the chance to re-inventing the payments systems?



## Electronic Commerce More than Just Payments

- The Payment Protocol Must Be Defined
  - The goal is to facilitate merchant payments and consumer utility
  - BT could involve itself in developing these standards

- Electronic Commerce
  - The capability of two parties to trade over a network
  - Each party must trust the counter party
  - Who will offer this ability to trust

#### Without a Definition of Electronic Commerce Much Remains Unresolved



## Interoperability Not Competition Is The Key

- The payment and smart card suppliers prefer proprietary solutions
- The banks want global interoperability
- The Internet only works when interoperability exists
- Everyone Preaches the Open Architecture Line and Recognize That a Common Infrastructure Is Essential for Profitability
- Yet Everyone Is Competing Over the Basic Infrastructure







#### Cleared Payment Systems EN 1546 - The Standard for Electronic Purse





- •More than 20 domestic purse schemes in Europe for instance:
- •end 1997:
  - -75 million purse cards issued
  - -300 000 acceptance terminals
- •We are now in a migration situation





## The E-Purse Market Situation

- None of these schemes are interoperable
  - Based on different versions of standards available at that time (WG10-EMV1)
  - Sometimes incompatible schemes exist in the same country
  - Cross-border transactions are not possible, even if the same technical platform is used (DES based purses, different applications)
  - Business case for cross-border purses is not clear yet



MII HHS

#### **Consumer Electronics**





#### Internet Growth













#### Actors In the Internet Game





## Value Proposition In this concept:

- The merchant will have the following needs:
  - Reliable identification of customer
  - Digitally signed order/contract
  - Address information
  - Time stamp
  - Directories
  - Catalogues for certificates
  - Electronic mail boxes
  - Encrypted communication



## Value Proposition In this concept:

- The customer will have certain needs:
  - Reliable identification of merchant/service provider
  - Signed confirmation of order, delivery time and conditions
  - Signed receipt on payments
  - Digitally signed contract or value paper
  - Catalogues for certificates



## Integration for the Fat Minute

